

The 16 binary boolean functions

p	q	T	$p \vee q$	$p \leftarrow q$	p	$p \rightarrow q$	q	$p \leftrightarrow q$	$p \wedge q$
T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
T	F	T	T	T	T	F	F	F	F
F	T	T	T	F	F	T	T	F	F
F	F	T	F	T	F	T	F	T	F
p	q	$p \uparrow q$	$p \oplus q$	$\neg q$	$p \nrightarrow q$	$\neg p$	$p \leftarrow\leftarrow q$	$p \downarrow q$	F
T	T	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
T	F	T	T	T	T	F	F	F	F
F	T	T	T	F	F	T	T	F	F
F	F	T	F	T	F	T	F	T	F

Common logical equivalences

(for formulas using only \neg, \vee, \wedge)

Double negation: $\neg\neg p \iff p$		
$p \wedge T \iff p$	Identity	$p \vee F \iff p$
$p \wedge F \iff F$	Domination	$p \vee T \iff T$
$p \wedge p \iff p$	Idempotence	$p \vee p \iff p$
$p \wedge \neg p \iff F$	Negation	$p \vee \neg p \iff T$
$p \wedge (p \vee q) \iff p$	Absorption	$p \vee (p \wedge q) \iff p$
$p \wedge q \iff q \wedge p$	Commutativity	$p \vee q \iff q \vee p$
$(p \wedge q) \wedge r \iff p \wedge (q \wedge r)$	Associativity	$(p \vee q) \vee r \iff p \vee (q \vee r)$
$p \wedge (q \vee r) \iff (p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge r)$	Distribution	$p \vee (q \wedge r) \iff (p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$
$\neg(p \wedge q) \iff \neg p \vee \neg q$	De Morgan's laws	$\neg(p \vee q) \iff \neg p \wedge \neg q$

Common logical equivalences

(for formulas using \rightarrow)

Definition: $p \rightarrow q \iff \neg p \vee q$		
$p \rightarrow F \iff \neg p$	Identity	$T \rightarrow p \iff p$
$p \rightarrow T \iff T$	Domination	$F \rightarrow p \iff T$
$p \rightarrow \neg p \iff \neg p$	Idempotence	$\neg p \rightarrow p \iff p$
$p \rightarrow p \iff T$	Negation	$\neg p \rightarrow \neg p \iff T$
$p \wedge (\neg p \rightarrow q) \iff p$	Absorption	$\neg p \rightarrow (p \wedge q) \iff p$
$(\neg p \rightarrow q) \wedge p \iff p$	Absorption	$(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p \iff p$
$p \rightarrow \neg q \iff q \rightarrow \neg p$	Commutativity	$\neg p \rightarrow q \iff \neg q \rightarrow p$
$(p \wedge q) \rightarrow r \iff p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$	Associativity	$(p \rightarrow q) \vee r \iff p \rightarrow (q \vee r)$
$(p \rightarrow q) \wedge r \iff (p \rightarrow r) \rightarrow (q \wedge r)$	Distribution	$p \rightarrow (q \wedge r) \iff (p \rightarrow q) \wedge (p \rightarrow r)$
$p \wedge (q \rightarrow r) \iff (p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \wedge r)$	Distribution	$(p \vee q) \rightarrow r \iff (p \rightarrow r) \wedge (q \rightarrow r)$
$\neg(p \wedge q) \iff p \rightarrow \neg q$	De Morgan's laws	$\neg(p \rightarrow q) \iff p \wedge \neg q$

Common inference rules

Simplification	$p \wedge q \implies p$
Biconditional Elimination	$p \leftrightarrow q \implies p \rightarrow q$
Addition	$p \implies p \vee q$
Trivial Proof	$q \implies p \rightarrow q$
Vacuous Proof	$\neg p \implies p \rightarrow q$
Modus Ponens	$p \wedge (p \rightarrow q) \implies q$
Modus Tollens	$\neg q \wedge (p \rightarrow q) \implies \neg p$
Disjunctive Syllogism	$\neg p \wedge (p \vee q) \implies q$
Proof by Contradiction	$\neg p \rightarrow F \implies p$
Reductio Ad Absurdum	$(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (p \rightarrow \neg q) \implies \neg p$
Hypothetical Syllogism	$(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow r) \implies p \rightarrow r$
Separation of Cases	$(p \vee q) \wedge (p \rightarrow r) \wedge (q \rightarrow r) \implies r$
Biconditional Introduction	$(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow p) \implies p \leftrightarrow q$

Existential Instantiation	$\exists x \in X : P(x) \implies \mathbf{Fix} a \in X \text{ such that } P(a)$
Universal Instantiation	$a \in X \wedge \forall x \in X : P(x) \implies P(a)$
Existential Generalization	$a \in X \wedge P(a) \implies \exists x \in X : P(x)$
Universal Generalization	$P(a) \text{ for } \mathbf{arbitrary} a \in X \implies \forall x \in X : P(x)$

Axiom 1. *Everyone sane is my friend.*

Axiom 2. *Chickens live underwater.*

Axiom 3. *There is a sane chicken.*

Theorem: *I have a friend who lives underwater.*

Proof:

- | | | |
|----|---|---------------------------------|
| 1 | Everyone sane is my friend. | [Axiom 1] |
| 2 | Chickens live underwater. | [Axiom 2] |
| 3 | There is a sane chicken. | [Axiom 3] |
| 4 | Name the sane chicken Carlos. | [\exists instantiation, 3] |
| 5 | Carlos is sane. | [Simplification, 4] |
| 6 | If Carlos is sane, then he is my friend. | [\forall instantiation, 1] |
| 7 | Carlos is my friend. | [Modus ponens, 5 and 6] |
| 8 | Carlos is a chicken. | [Simplification, 4] |
| 9 | If Carlos is a chicken, then he lives underwater. | [\forall instantiation, 2] |
| 10 | Carlos lives underwater. | [Modus ponens, 9 and 10] |
| 11 | Carlos is my friend and lives underwater. | [Conjunction, 7 and 10] |
| 12 | I have a friend who lives underwater. | [\exists generalization, 12] |

□

Axiom 1. $\forall x (S(x) \rightarrow F(x))$

Axiom 2. $\forall x (C(x) \rightarrow U(x))$

Axiom 3. $\exists x (C(x) \wedge S(x))$

Theorem: $\exists x (F(x) \wedge U(x))$

Proof:

[1] $\forall x (S(x) \rightarrow F(x))$ [Axiom 1]

[2] $\forall x (C(x) \rightarrow U(x))$ [Axiom 2]

[3] $\exists x (C(x) \wedge S(x))$ [Axiom 3]

[4] $C(\text{Carlos}) \wedge S(\text{Carlos})$ [\exists instantiation, [3]]

[5] $S(\text{Carlos})$ [Simplification, [4]]

[6] $D(\text{Carlos}) \rightarrow F(\text{Carlos})$ [\forall instantiation, [1]]

[7] $F(\text{Carlos})$ [Modus ponens, [5] and [6]]

[8] $C(\text{Carlos})$ [Simplification, [4]]

[9] $C(\text{Carlos}) \rightarrow U(\text{Carlos})$ [\forall instantiation, [2]]

[10] $U(\text{Carlos})$ [Modus ponens, [9] and [8]]

[11] $F(\text{Carlos}) \wedge U(\text{Carlos})$ [Conjunction, [7] and [10]]

[12] $\exists x (F(x) \wedge U(x))$ [\exists generalization, [11]]

□