#### THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

ELEC 391 – Electrical Engineering Design Studio II

# **Amplitude Modulation – Review Questions**

The purpose of this short self-quiz is to help you review the essential parts of the lectures on *Amplitude Modulation*. Most of the answers can be found in the lecture notes.

SQ3R – Survey, Question, Read, Recite, Review

## Introduction

- 1. Where is amplitude modulation commonly used today?
- 2. What are the principal advantages of amplitude modulation?
- 3. What are the principal limitations of amplitude modulation?
- 4. What instrument can be used to determine the bandwidth, modulation index and efficiency of an amplitude modulated signal?

## **1. Amplitude Modulation**

1.1. What is amplitude modulation?

Double Sideband – Suppressed Carrier

- 1.2. What is the double sideband suppressed carrier modulation?
- 1.3. How does a DSB-SC modulator transform the spectrum of the message signal?
- 1.4. How does the bandwidth of a DSB-SC signal compare to that of the message signal?
- 1.5. How could one implement a DSB-SC modulator? Sketch and label it.
- 1.6. How could one implement a DSB-SC demodulator? Sketch and label it.
- 1.7. What does DSB-SC demodulation look like in the frequency domain?
- 1.8. What should the cut-off frequency of the low pass filter be?
- 1.9. What happens if there is a frequency or phase offset between the LOs in the modulator and demodulator?

#### Double Sideband – Large Carrier

- 1.10. What is the double sideband large carrier modulation?
- 1.11. How does a DSB-LC modulator transform the spectrum of the message signal?
- 1.12. How does the bandwidth of a DSB-LC signal compare to that of the message signal?
- 1.13. How could one implement a DSB-LC modulator? Sketch and label two methods.
- 1.14. How could one implement a DSB-LC demodulator? Sketch and label two methods.
- 1.15. What are the advantages of envelope detection compared to synchronous demodulation?
- 1.16. What condition must be satisfied for envelope detection to be successful?
- 1.17. What is the modulation index?
- 1.18. How can one determine the modulation index by observing the DSB-LC signal in the frequency domain, i.e, by using a spectrum analyzer?
- 1.19. How can one determine the modulation index by observing the DSB-LC signal in the frequency domain, i.e, by using an oscilloscope?
- 1.20. How is the efficiency of a DSB-LC signal defined?
- 1.21. For the case a sinusoidal message signal, show that  $| = \frac{\int_{-2}^{2} \cdot 100\%}{2 + \int_{-2}^{2} \cdot 100\%}$ .

#### Single Sideband

- 1.22. What is single sideband modulation?
- 1.23. What are the advantages and disadvantages of single sideband modulation?
- 1.24. Briefly, how can SSB signals be generated?
- 1.25. How can SSB signals be demodulated?

#### Quadrature Multiplexing

- 1.26. What is quadrature multiplexing?
- 1.27. What are the advantages and disadvantages of quadrature multiplexing?
- 1.28. Sketch and label a quadrature multiplexer and demultiplexer. Explain how it functions.

1.29. Show how the performance of a quadrature multiplexer is degraded if the phase shift between the orthogonal LO signals is not exactly 90 degrees.

## 2. Frequency Mixers

#### Applications of Frequency Mixers

- 2.1. List three ways in which a frequency mixer can be used to modify an RF signal.
- 2.2. What are the two basic types of passive mixers? What distinguishes them?

#### Measuring Mixer Performance

- 2.3. What is meant by the conversion gain of a mixer?
- 2.4. Why is it important to set the LO drive level correctly?
- 2.5. What is conversion compression and what is its significance?
- 2.6. Why do we normally focus on LO-x isolation measurements?

#### Mixers as Phase Detectors

- 2.7. Derive an expression that shows how we can a double-balanced mixer as a phase detector.
- 2.8. Sketch the transfer characteristic of a DBM-based phase detector.
- 2.9. What is meant by the figure of merit of a phase detector? What is a typical value?
- 2.10. What are other parameters of interest?

#### Inside a Double-Balanced Mixer

- 2.11. Sketch and label a ring-diode-based double-balanced mixer.
- 2.12. Sketch the equivalent circuit when: (a) no signal, (b) a positive DC voltage, and (c) a negative DC voltage is applied to the IF port.
- 2.13. Explain how one can use a double-balanced mixer as a switch, attenuator or BPSK modulator?