## **EECE 412, Fall 2004**

## **Midterm Examination**

Your Family name: _	
Your First name: _	
Your student ID: _	
Name of your left neigh Name of your right neig	abor:ghbor:
1. What computer	security policies are concerned with? Select one.
A. Confident	ziality
B. Safety	
C. Availabil	<del>-</del>
D. Integrity E. All of th	
F. A, C, D	ie above
Answer:	
2. When should ac	cess control mechanisms be used? Select one.
A. When ther	ce is no way to check the rules
	re no trust to enforce the rules
C. When it i	s possible to enforce and check the rules
Answer:	
3. What are the rall applicable.	equired properties of good random function? Select
A. "one-wayn	iess"
B. invertibl	.e
C. collision	
D. the key s	should not be reused
Answers:	
4. A good block c	ipher should consist of (Select all applicable):
A. substitut	zions
B. transposi	tions
C. permutati	
D substitut	ions and permutations

E. transpositions and permutations
Answer:
5. Most modern encryption algorithms encrypt digital data at which level?
A. Bit level B. Byte level C. Alpha-numeric level D. Block level
Answer:
6. Under certain circumstances, which of the following methods could encrypt identical plaintext to produce identical cyphertext? (pick one)
A. Vigenere's Cipher B. One Time Pad C. Caesar's Cipher D. A and C from above E. A, B, and C from above
Answer:
7. What makes it more difficult to brute force search multiple passwords at once, but does not make it more difficult to brute force search a single password hash? (pick one)
A. Shadowing B. Salting C. Password Hiding D. Pepper E. Paprika
Answer:
8. One wayness is a trait that is most useful to which of the following? (pick one)
A. Symmetric Encryption B. Public Key Encryption C. Hash Functions D. A and B. from above

E. A, B, and C from above
Answer:
9. Which of the following encipherment techniques is based on the use of prime numbers? (pick all applicable)
A. Diffie / Hellman B. RSA C. One Time Pads
Answers:
10. Which of the following (select all applicable ) conditions must a public key cryptosystems meet?
A. It must be computationally easy to encipher or decipher a message given the appropriate key.  B. It must be computationally infeasible to derive the private key from the public key.  C. It must be computationally infeasible to determine the private key from a chosen plaintext attack.  D. It must be computationally infeasible to derive the public key from the private key.
Answers:
11. Why is ORCON a separate type of access control?
A. It's a separate type due to the historical reasons. B. It deals with digital rights management. C. Unlike DAC, ORCON allows the control over the information to its creator, not owner. It does not use mandatory rules of MAC. D. DAc is for academic domain, MAC is for military and government. ORCON is for neither.
Answer:

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Answer:					
	e next	ertificate such list			
Answer:					

- 14. What weakness of Needham-Schroeder key exchange protocol did the introduction of a time stamp by Denning-Sacco address? (pick one)
  - A. Needham-Schroeder protocol was weak against message replay attacks.
  - B. Nonces could be accidentally re-used by the exchanging parties.
  - ${\tt C.}$  Time stamps help to distinguish between concurrent sessions.
  - $\ensuremath{\mathsf{D}}.$  A recovered session key could later be used to start a new session.

Answer	:

- 15. If you were to deploy Kerberos at UBC, what service ticket life-time would be the most appropriate? (pick one)
  - A. 30 seconds
  - B. 1 minute
  - C. 5 minutes
  - D. 1 hour
  - E. 1 day

Answer:	
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16. You are ECE IT manager and are asked to provide secure access to the department POP and SMTP services for users who need access to them from the outside of the UBC intranet. Which of the two options, TLS vs. IPSec, would you choose and why?

## Answer:

17.	Even	if	you	secure	acces	s to	the	ECE	mail	serv	rices	usi	ng	TLS	or
IPSe	c th	e se	rvic	es are	e still	vul	neral	ole 1	to onl	Line	pass	word	gu	essi	.ng
atta	cks.	Whi	ch o	f the	follow	ing	coun'	terme	easure	es wo	ould	you	emp	loy	
agai	nst	such	att	acks?	Select	all	app.	lical	ble						

- A. Salting
- B. Pronounceable passwords
- C. Violator imprisoning
- D. "jailing"
- E. account disabling
- F. user firing
- G. disconnection
- H. physical security of the services
- I. backoff strategies

Answers:	

18. Why is it generally better to use multi-factor authentication instead of one-factor authentication?

Answer:

- 19. "The information in this mid-term exam key file should not be accessible to this course students until after the exam is over." Which one of the following properties pertaining to the mid-term exam key file is the above statement about?
  - A. accountability
  - B. confidentiality
  - C. availability
  - D. integrity
  - E. assurance

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Answer	•
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