

University of British Columbia

Case Study: Security and Usability of Web Single Sign-On Systems



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- uncovering novel vulnerabilities
- designing usable and practical countermeasures
- PhD candidate: web security
- architect/consultant: Web-based software and security engineering
- certified instructor: Microsoft, Sun Java, Trend Micro
- web technology evangelist: MVP, MSDN Regional Director Taiwan, TechED, DevDays, PDC, Java Two

outline

- background and overview
- Case 1: OpenID 2.0 security analysis
- Case 2: OAuth 2.0 security analysis
- Case 3: web SSO usability study

security design principles

- 1. Least Privilege
- 2. Fail-Safe Defaults
- 3. Economy of Mechanism
- 4. Complete Mediation
- 5. Open Design
- 6. Separation of Duty
- 7. Least Common Mechanism
- 8. Psychological Acceptability
- 9. Defense in depth
- 10. Question assumptions

usable security design principles

- 1. Path of Least Resistance
- 2. Active Authorization
- 3. Revocability
- 4. Visibility
- 5. Self-Awareness
- 6. Trusted Path
- 7. Expressiveness
- 8. Relevant Boundaries
- 9. Identifiability
- 10.Foresight

password:

Login

Login with Facebook

Shopping Cart

Forum

Subscribe

Home



Professional Ajax

Author: Nicholas C. Zakas-Jeremy McPeak-Joe Fawcett

To get inside C#, Microsoft's new OO programming language, use A Preview of C# as a guide. It offers a preview of Visual Studio.NET and an overview of the .NET framework, and demonstrates how C# is integrated with ASP+, ADO+, and COM+ in .NET applications. You'll get examples of C# in action, too.

more





Windows Presentation Foundation

Author: Adam Nathan-Daniel Lehenbauer

Filling an important spot in the Wrox Programmer to Programmer series, Beginning Active Server Pages 3.0 is an excellent introduction to the new version of ASP released for the Windows 2000 platform. This guide expects no previous ASP knowledge or even previous Web development experience.

more



Microsoft .NET Framework 2.0 Windows Client

Author: Tony Northrup-Matthew A. Stoecker-Steven J. Stein

Use this book to build a robust infrastructure for powerful Web sites. Master programmers who write for Web Techniques, Dr. Dobb's Journal, Interactivity, Data Base Management Systems, Network, and Software Development have joined forces to tackle the latest round of web programming puzzles for you.

more



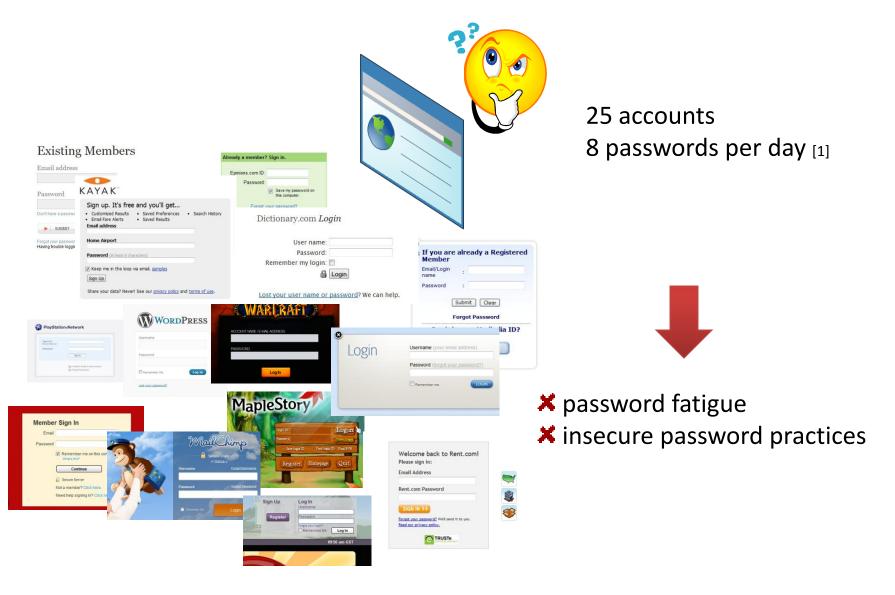
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5

Author: Tony Northrup

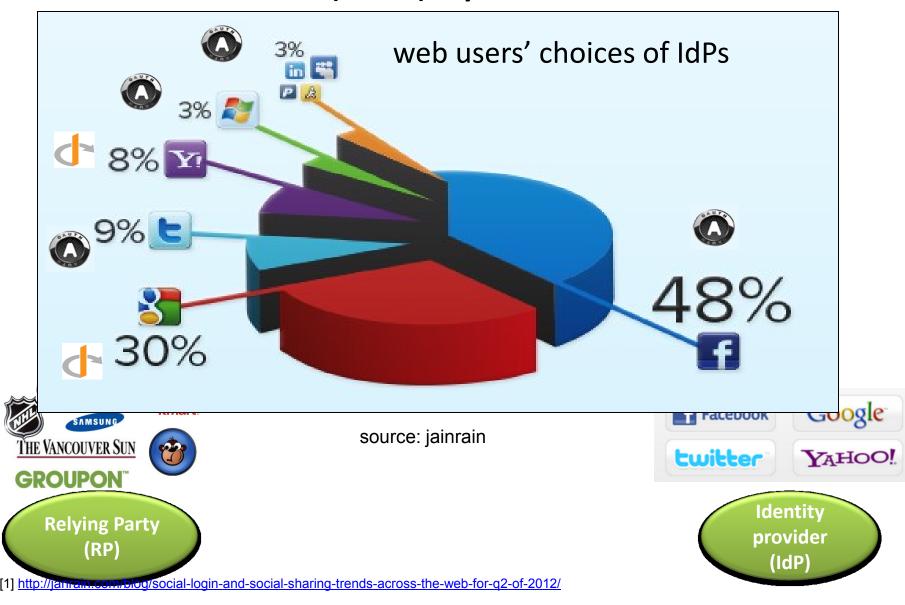
Allaires ColdFusion is a powerful solution for developers wanting to build secure, scalable, and manageable Web applications. ColdFusion Fast & Easy Web Development takes a visual approach to learning this Web application server.

more

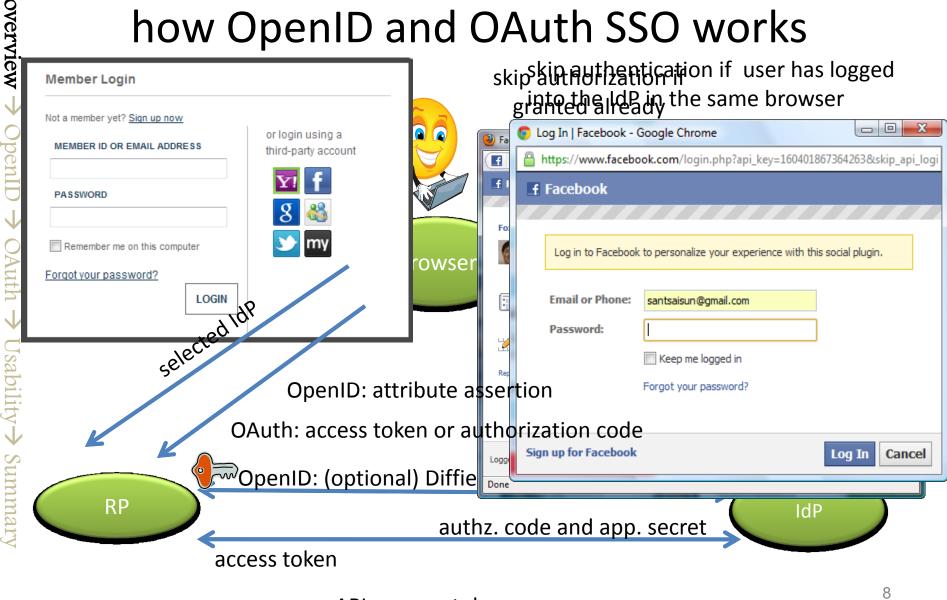
traditional site-centric architecture



OpenID and OAuth-based web single signon (SSO) systems



how OpenID and OAuth SSO works



API +access token user profile

OAuth RP-to-IdP registration: unique app ID/secret key

challenges, assumptions, overall approach

challenges:

- **x** source code is not accessible
- situated between RP and IdP is hard
- realistic evaluation introduce actual harms







identify weaknesses

browser relay messages

> steal access token



Formal Analysis and Empirical Evaluation for OpenID 2.0 Security

S. Sun, K. Hawkey, and K. Beznosov, "Systematically breaking and fixing OpenID security: Formal analysis, semi-automated empirical evaluation, and practical countermeasures," Computers & Security, 31(4):465-483, May 2012.

OpenID 2.0 security analysis overall approach



formal model checking (AVISPA)

design 6
exploits and
evaluation
tools

empirical prevalence evaluation (132 RPs)

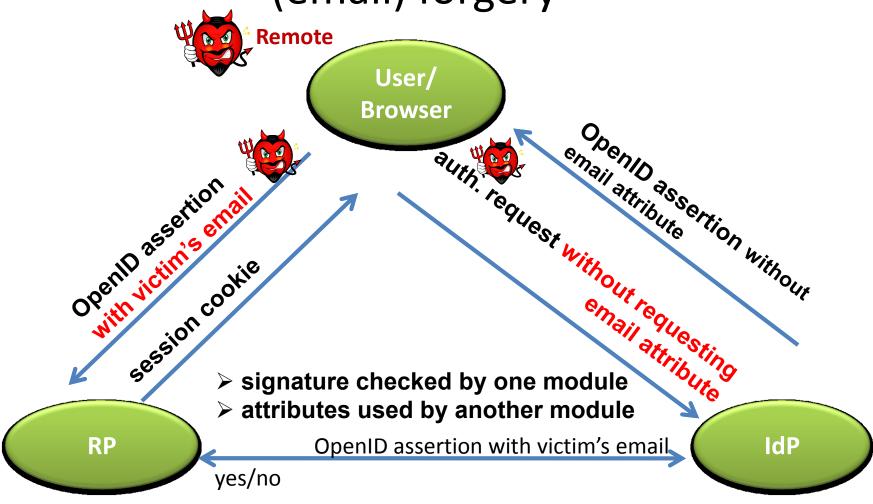
two countermea sures

103 RPs on OpenID directory 29 RPs on Google Top 1000

three fundamental weaknesses:

- lack of authenticity guarantee of auth. request
- **X** lack of **integrity guarantee** of auth. request
- ✗ lack of contextual binding between protocol messages and the browser

impersonation using profile attribute (email) forgery



use email address as identifier, without checking whether the email is signed by the IdP

principles violated?

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Empirical Security Analysis of OAuth 2.0-based SSO Systems

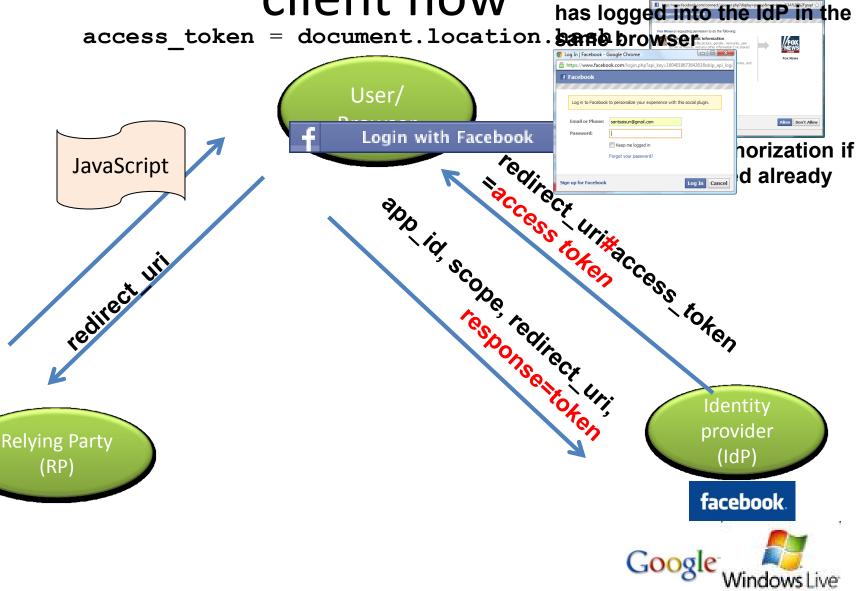


S. Sun and K. Beznosov, "The Devil is in the (implementation) details: An empirical security analysis of OAuth single sign-on systems," in Proceedings of 19th ACM Conference on Computer and Communications Security (CCS), October 2012.

OAuth 2.0-based SSO

- access token is the capability!
 - represent scope and duration of an authorization
 - used by RP to access identity information
 - temporary key to user account on IdP and RP
- server-flow: RP <u>server-side</u>
- client-flow: <u>JavaScript/Rich-client</u>

client flow



skip authentication if user

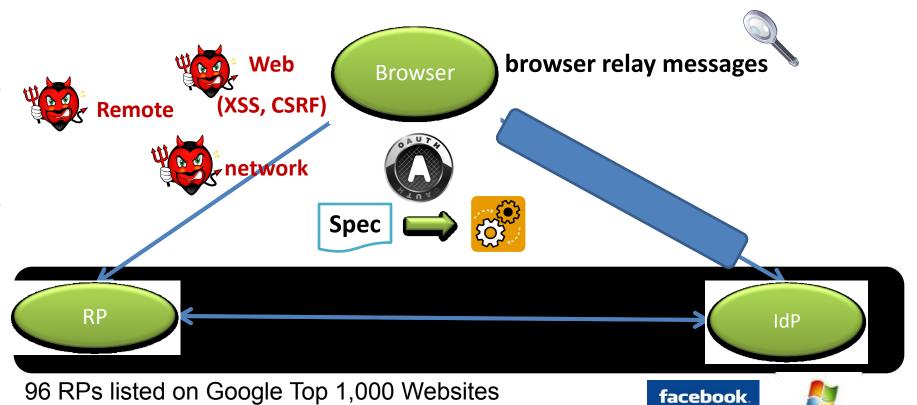
overall approach (OAuth 2.0)

> steal access token

> English-written

support Facebook

- harvest user data on IdP
- act on behalf of victim
- ➤ impersonate user on RP
 - control user RP account



Connect with Facebook

Windows Live?

access token theft via XSS: 91% Web XSS **JavaScript** Current Dage Hoken Laccess token = document.location.hash; token src=authz request app id, scope, response token XSS JavaScript current page redirect Uriscurrent Dage **Web** Identity **Relying Party** provider (RP) (IdP) facebook.

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Investigating User's Perspective of Web Single Sign-On

- <u>S. Sun</u>, , E. Pospisil, I. Muslukhov, N. Dindar, K. Hawkey, and K. Beznosov, "Investigating user's perspective of web single sign-on: Conceptual gaps, alternative design and acceptance model," in minor revision, ACM Transactions on Internet Technology (TOIT), January 2012.
- S. Sun, E. Pospisil, I. Muslukhov, N. Dindar, K. Hawkey, and K. Beznosov, "What makes users refuse web single sign-on? An empirical investigation of OpenID," in Proceedings of Symposium on Usable Privacy and Security (SOUPS), July 2011.
- <u>S. Sun</u>, , E. Pospisil, I. Muslukhov, N. Dindar, K. Hawkey, K. Beznosov, "OpenID-Enabled Browser: Towards usable and secure web single sign-on," in Proceedings of the 29th International Conference Extended abstracts on Human Factors in Computing Systems (CHI), May 2011.

in-lab user study overall approach

exploratory study

alternative interface design

formative study (7)

comparative study (35)

- confirm findings from the
- understandawah heers, percention become and study
- definaciaguirements
 > seinas participanta torreander, age
- > each participant was included only
 - sign identity enabled by the by the B)
 - **IdP-phishing identification test**
 - mental model drawing
 - semi-structured interview

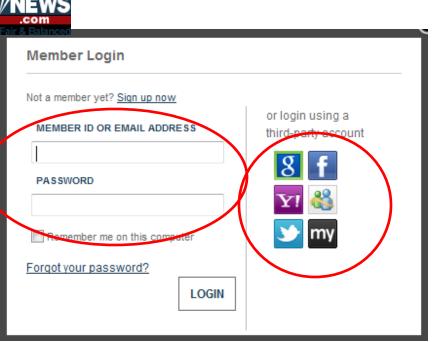
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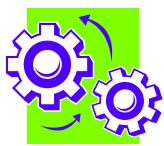






misleading affordance and negative transfer effect





click on icon to select an IdP



enter one of their user name and password listed on the right-hand side



most participants entered their Google or Yahoo email and password into the traditional login form directly.

security misconception





"The website is going to have my Google email and password!!"

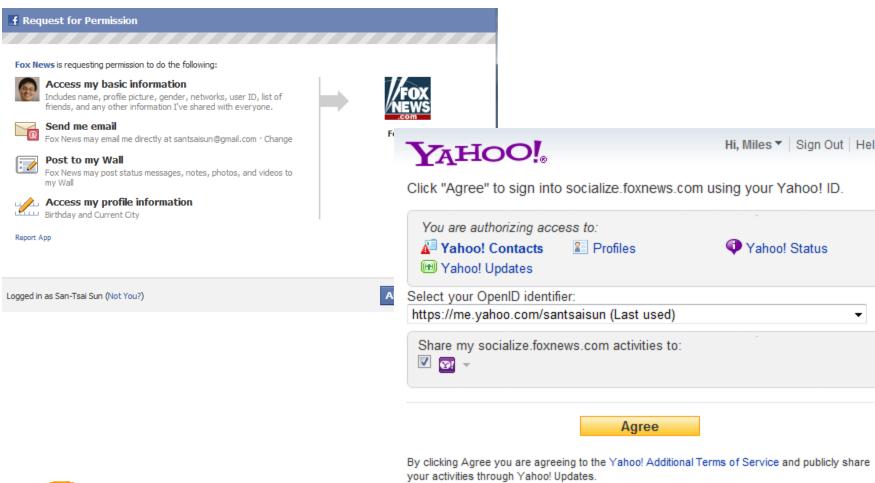
implicit IdP login concern





"why Gmail did not ask me to sign in!!"
"what if I just left this computer?"

privacy concern





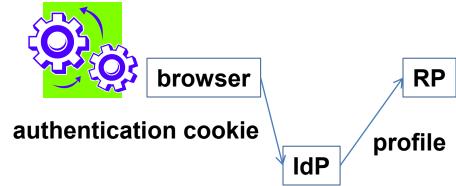
"I would normally say NO!!"

security misconception confirm

in the same browser session, only one IdP login prompt for a specific IdP

log back into







"Fox News remembers my Google password!!"



"why no IdP login prompt?"



"my password has been stored some where!!"

usable security design principles?

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