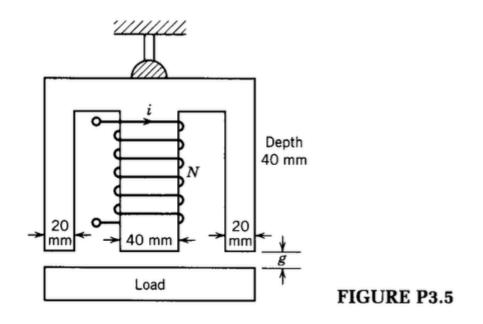
# ELEC 344 4<sup>th</sup> Tutorial

# DC Machine, Fleming's rule & Assignments #2

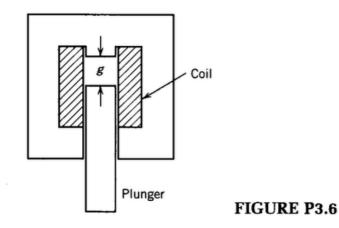
September 30, 2016 Wonbae Choi

The University of British Columbia

- 3.5 An electromagnet lift system is shown in Fig. P3.5. The coil has 2500 turns. The flux density in the air gap is 1.25 T. Assume that the core material is ideal.
  - (a) For an air gap, g = 10 mm:
    - (i) Determine the coil current.
    - (ii) Determine the energy stored in the magnetic system.
    - (iii) Determine the force on the load (sheet of steel).
    - (iv) Determine the mass of the load (acceleration due to gravity = 9.81 m/sec<sup>2</sup>).
  - (b) If the air gap is 5 mm, determine the coil current required to lift the load.



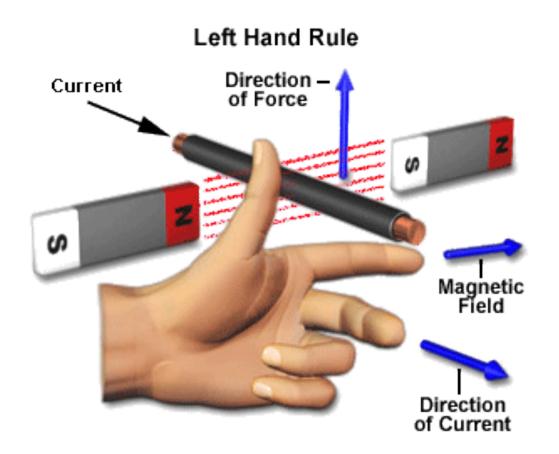
- **3.6** The cross section of a cylindrical magnetic actuator is shown in Fig. P3.6. The plunger has a cross-sectional area  $0.0016 \text{ m}^2$ . The coil has 2500 turns and a resistance of 10  $\Omega$ . A voltage of 15 V (dc) is applied to the coil terminals. Assume that the magnetic material is ideal.
  - (a) Determine the air gap g in mm for which the flux density in the air gap is 1.5 T. Determine the stored energy for this condition.



- (b) Obtain an expression for the force on the plunger as a function of the air gap length g.
- (c) Determine the force on the plunger for the condition of part (a).
- (d) Suppose the plunger moves quickly from an initial gap of 5 mm to the fully closed position. The plunger moves so quickly that the flux linkage of the coil (and hence the flux density in the air gap) hardly changes during the motion.
  - (i) Determine the force during the motion.
  - (ii) Determine the amount of mechanical energy produced during the motion.

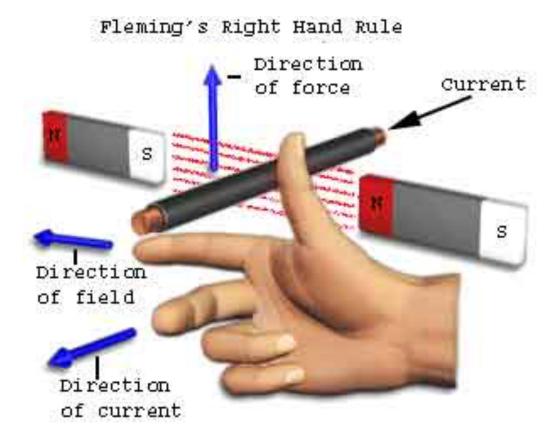
### Fleming's Left Hand Rule (MOTOR!!!)

Used to determine the *direction of force* acting on a *current carrying conductor* placed in a *magnetic field*.

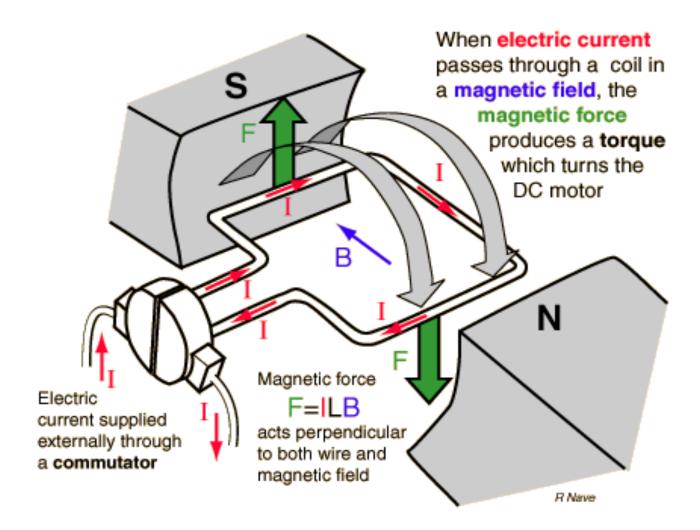


## Fleming's Right Hand Rule (GENERATOR!!!)

Whenever a conductor moves inside a magnetic field, there will be an induced current in it. If this conductor gets forcefully moved inside the magnetic field, there will be a relation between the direction of applied force, magnetic field and the current.

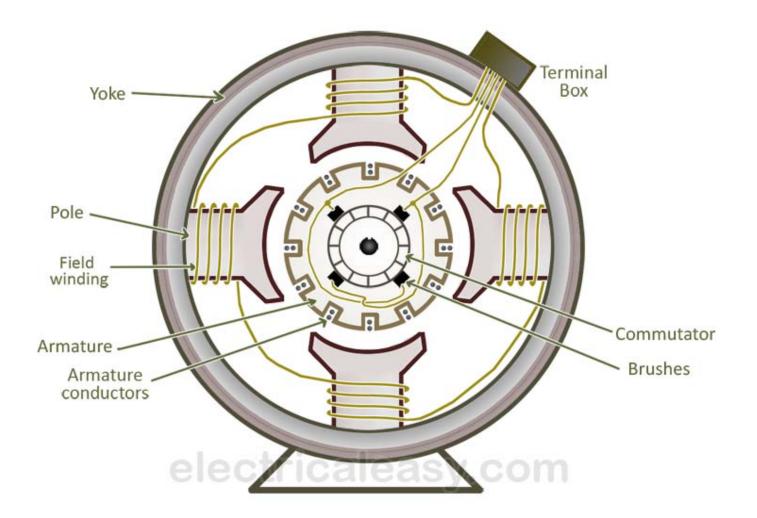


### Working Principles of DC Machine



### Structure of DC Machine

#### https://youtu.be/LAtPHANEfQo Cross-sectional view of DC machine



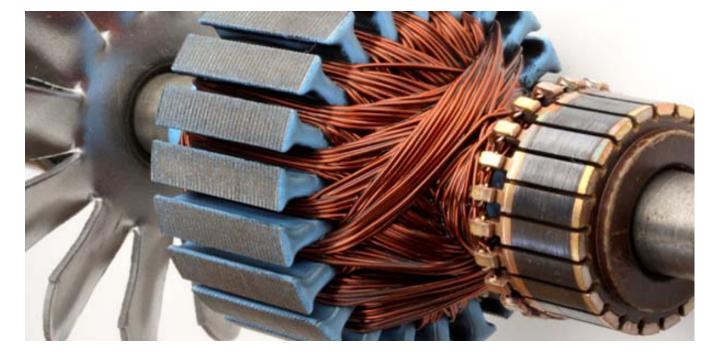
### Structure of DC Machine Stator & Field Winding



### Structure of DC Machine

#### Rotor & Commutator Bars





### Structure of DC Machine

#### Brush Holder



