```
% This program solves any triangle, if we know any
% two sides and the angle after the second one. It computes
% the remaining data and outputs the triangle data
% as SIDE ANGLE SIDE ANGLE SIDE ANGLE, clockwise
% or counterclockwise, depending on the order in
% you entered your data.
% By L. Li nares 2011
% VERY IMPORTANT: To type this program on a regular text file, I had to replace some HP50 keys by
        certain strings. So ..
                                               you type
[multiply key]
[WHITE SHIFT] COS
       Where I wrote
%
%%%%%%%%
                 ACOS
                                               [y to the x key]
[WHITE SHIFT] PRG/TEST/F6
[WHITE SHIFT] PRG/TEST/F4
                 >=
  SQRT press square root key (*)
->TAG [WHITE SHIFT] PRG/TYPE/->TAG
-> [RED SHIFT] [zero key]
{new line} [RED SHIFT] [dot key]
(*) Do NOT type the letters SQRT . . . it won't work!
Usage: Enter the three side lengths on the stack
                3: S1
2: S2
1: A2(in degrees)
%
%
                Then run the program!
% This problem may have two solutions. After displaying % the first solution, the program halts, and waits for your command [WHITE SHIFT] CONT, to display the
% second solution.
% VERY IMPORTANT: Store this program as 'SSA',
% because the other four programs in this series
% will "call" this one by that name!
% This program is provided on a "as is" basis, for % reference ONLY, and no warranty of its accuracy or % correctness is made. If you use it, you use it at your
% own risk.
      -17 FS?
      -> S1 S2 A2 X
           IF 'X==1' THEN DEG END
            'S2 * COS(A2)' EVAL
'SQRT(S1^2 - S2^2 * SIN(A2)^2)' EVAL
            -> X Ý
                IF 'S1 >= S2*SIN(A2)' THEN
S1 S2 X Y + 'SSS' EV
IF 'X > Y' THEN
                                                              EVAL
                          HALT S1 S2 X Y - 'SSS' EVAL
                     END
                 END
          IF 'X==1' THEN RAD END
```